

Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Designated Partner of TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Report on the Audit of the Statement of Account

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying Statement of Account of TPL-CIL Construction LLP (the "LLP"), which comprise the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2021 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the accompanying Statement of Account give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP as at March 31, 2021, its loss and cash flow statement for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) and other applicable authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Statement of Account section of our report. We are independent of the LLP in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Statement of Account and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

4. We draw your attention to Note 22 to the Statement of Account, which describes the management's assessment of the impact of the outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) on the business operations of the LLP. In view of the uncertain economic environment, a definitive assessment of the impact on the subsequent periods is highly dependent upon circumstances as they evolve.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

5. The Designated Partner of the LLP is not required to prepare an annual report. Accordingly, the requirement for our reporting on such other information does not arise.



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Price Waterhouse & Co. (a Partnership Firm) converted into Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP identity no: LLPIN AAC-4362) with effect from July 7, 2014. Post its conversion to Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, its ICAI registration number is 304026E/E-300009 (ICAI registration number before conversion was 304026E)

Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Designated Partner of TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Report on the Statement of Account

Responsibilities of Designated Partner for the Statement of Account

6. The LLP's Designated Partner is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Account that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the LLP. Consequently, the Designated Partner has prepared the Statement of Account in accordance with the Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal controls, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement of Accounts that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
7. In preparing the Statement of Account, the Designated Partner is responsible for assessing the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Designated Partner either intends to liquidate the LLP or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Designated Partner is also responsible for overseeing the LLP's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Statement of Account

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement of Account as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Statement of Account.
9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement of Account, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Designated Partner.



Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

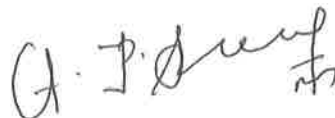
To the Designated Partner of TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Report on the Statement of Account

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Designated Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the LLP's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Statement of Account or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the LLP's to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statement of Account, including the disclosures, and whether the Statement of Account represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other requirements

11. As required by Clause 11 of the LLP Partnership Deed, we also report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanation which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 as amended from time to time, and Rules made thereto (the 'Act') have been kept by the LLP so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the Statement of Profit and loss dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts;
 - (d) In our opinion, the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the Statement of Profit and Loss dealt with by this report comply with the accounting standards to the extent applicable issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/ E-300009



Srikanth Pola
Partner

Membership Number: 220916
UDIN: 21220916AAAAAY8875

Place: Hyderabad
Date: April 28, 2021

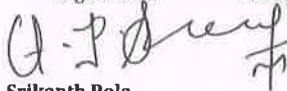
TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2021
All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
A. Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
(a) Partner's contribution	3	100.00	100.00
(b) Reserves and surplus	4	(30.69)	(29.45)
Total Equity		69.31	70.55
Current liabilities			
(a) Trade payables	5	-	-
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues other than (a)(i) above		296.83	578.06
(b) Other current liabilities	6	3,941.58	2,432.52
(c) Short term provisions	7	21.95	13.63
Total Liabilities		4,260.36	3,024.21
Total Equity and Liabilities		4,329.67	3,094.76
B. ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment (Tangible assets)	8	43.55	38.60
(b) Intangible assets	9	12.98	2.17
(c) Deferred tax assets (net)	10	6.02	5.07
(d) Long-term loans and advances	11	37.80	643.88
Total non-current assets		100.35	689.72
Current assets			
(a) Cash and bank balances	12	92.96	26.84
(b) Short-term loans and advances	13	130.24	158.41
(c) Other current assets	14	4,006.12	2,219.79
Total current assets		4,229.32	2,405.04
Total Assets		4,329.67	3,094.76
See accompanying notes forming part of the Statement of Account	1-29		

This is the Statement of Assets and Liabilities referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 304026E/E-300009



Srikanth Pola

Partner

Membership Number : 220916

For and on behalf of TPL-CIL Construction LLP





Rahul Shah

Designated Partner



Rahul Katyal

Designated Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Date: April 28, 2021

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 28, 2021




TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021
All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
I Revenue from operations	15	1,821.29	3,455.89
II Other income	16	35.70	-
III Total Income (I+II)		1,856.99	3,455.89
IV Expenses			
(a) Contract execution expenses	17	1,380.13	2,702.55
(b) Employee benefits expense	18	297.74	520.07
(c) Finance costs	19	1.23	27.51
(d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	20	12.76	10.75
(e) Other expenses	21	166.37	222.52
Total expenses (IV)		1,858.23	3,483.40
V Loss before tax (III-IV)		(1.24)	(27.51)
VI Tax expense			
(a) Current tax		0.95	4.01
(b) Deferred tax		(0.95)	(5.07)
Total tax expense		-	(1.06)
VII Loss for the year (V-VI)		(1.24)	(26.45)

See accompanying notes forming part of the Statement of Account 1-29

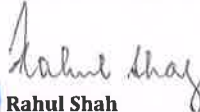
This is the Statement of Profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP
Firm Registration Number : 304026E/E-300009


Srikanth Pola
Partner
Membership Number : 220916



For and on behalf of TPL-CIL Construction LLP


Rahul Shah
Designated Partner


Rahul Katyal
Designated Partner

Place: Hyderabad
Date: April 28, 2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2021




TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2021
All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss before tax	(1.24)	(27.51)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs	1.23	27.51
Depreciation and amortisation expense	12.76	10.75
Interest income recognised in profit or loss	(35.70)	-
	(22.95)	10.75
Movement in working capital:		
Decrease in trade receivables	-	6,058.80
Decrease/(Increase) in loans and advances	28.17	(128.26)
Increase in other assets	(1,786.33)	(2,219.79)
Decrease in trade payables	(281.23)	(5,389.07)
Increase in other current liabilities and short term provisions	1,520.69	1,787.57
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(541.65)	120.00
Income taxes refund/(paid)	632.24	(86.89)
Net cash generated from operating activities	90.59	33.11
Cash flow from investing activities		
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment (tangible assets) and intangible assets	(31.83)	(29.34)
Interest received	8.59	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(23.24)	(29.34)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from capital contribution	-	38.50
Interest Paid	(1.23)	(27.51)
Net cash flows (used in) / generated from financing activities	(1.23)	10.99
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	66.12	14.76
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period (Refer Note 12)	26.84	12.08
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (Refer Note 12)	92.96	26.84

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP
Firm Registration Number : 304026E/E-300009


Srikanth Pola
Partner
Membership Number : 220916



For and on behalf of TPL-CIL Construction LLP


Rahul Shah
Designated Partner


Rahul Katyal
Designated Partner

Place: Hyderabad
Date: April 28, 2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2021



TPL-CIL Construction LLP

Notes forming part of the Statement of Account for the year ended March 31, 2021

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
3. Partner's contribution		
Tata Projects Limited	65.00	65.00
CAPACITY Infraprojects Limited	35.00	35.00
Total	100.00	100.00
4. Reserves and Surplus		
Deficit in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	(29.45)	(3.00)
Loss for the year	(1.24)	(26.45)
Balance as at the end of the year	(30.69)	(29.45)
5. Trade payables		
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues other than (i) above	296.83	578.06
Total	296.83	578.06
<p>The average credit period ranges from 30 days to 90 days, depending on the nature of the item or work. The work orders include element of retention, which would be payable on completion of a milestone, completion of the contract or after a specified period from completion of the work. The terms also would include back to back arrangement wherein, certain amounts are payable on realisation of corresponding amounts by the entity from the customer. No interest is payable for delay in payments, unless otherwise specifically agreed in the order or as required by a legislation, like Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act ("MSMED Act"). The entity has a well defined process for ensuring regular payments to the vendors. There are no micro and small enterprises to which the entity owes dues based on the information available with the entity.</p>		
6. Other current liabilities		
Advances from customer	3865.00	2,274.09
Statutory dues	9.88	66.52
Employees Benefits Payable	66.70	88.60
Payable on purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	3.31
Total	3,941.58	2,432.52
7. Short term provisions		
Provision for employee benefits:		
- Gratuity	4.62	-
- Compensated absences	17.33	13.63
Total	21.95	13.63



8. Property, plant and equipment (Tangible assets)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Carrying amounts :		
Office equipment	27.67	28.57
Computers	15.88	10.03
Total	43.55	38.60

Particulars	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Cost			
Balance as at March 31, 2019	10.40	6.10	16.50
Additions	22.07	7.06	29.13
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	32.47	13.16	45.63
Additions	5.51	10.38	15.89
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	37.98	23.54	61.52

Particulars	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as at March 31, 2019	0.22	0.03	0.25
Depreciation charge for the year	3.68	3.10	6.78
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	3.90	3.13	7.03
Depreciation charge for the year	6.41	4.53	10.94
Disposals	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	10.31	7.66	17.97

Particulars	Office equipment	Computers	Total
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	28.57	10.03	38.60
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	27.67	15.88	43.55

9. Intangible assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Carrying amounts :		
Software	12.98	2.17
Total	12.98	2.17

Particulars	Software
Cost	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	2.70
Additions	3.52
Disposals	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	6.22
Additions	12.63
Disposals	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	18.85

Particulars	Software
Accumulated amortisation	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	0.08
Amortisation expense	3.97
Disposals	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	4.05
Amortisation expense	1.82
Disposals	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	5.87

Particulars	Software
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	2.17
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2021	12.98



TPL-CIL Construction LLP

Notes forming part of the Statement of Account for the year ended March 31, 2021

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
10. Deferred tax asset (net)			
Deferred tax assets	6.02	5.07	
Total	6.02	5.07	
Movement in deferred tax assets (net)			
	Financial Year 2020-21	Recognised in the statement of profit and loss	Closing balance
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to			
Property, plant and equipment	(0.67)	(0.51)	(1.18)
Provision for retirement benefits	5.34	1.51	6.85
Disallowance under section 43B	0.40	(0.05)	0.35
Total	5.07	0.95	6.02
	Financial Year 2019-20	Recognised In the statement of profit and loss	Closing balance
Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) in relation to			
Property, plant and equipment	-	(0.67)	(0.67)
Provision for retirement benefits	-	5.34	5.34
Disallowance under section 43B	-	0.40	0.40
Total	-	5.07	5.07
11. Long-term loans and advances			
Unsecured, considered good			
Advance income tax (net of provision for tax of ₹ 4.96 lakhs, March 31, 2020 : ₹ 4.01 lakhs)	37.80	643.88	
Total	37.80	643.88	
12. Cash and bank balances			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand	-	0.16	
Bank balances in current accounts	92.96	26.68	
Total	92.96	26.84	
13. Short-term loans and advances			
Unsecured, considered good			
Security deposits	30.38	30.30	
Advance to vendors	0.02	42.94	
Balances with government authorities			
- GST credit receivable	99.84	85.17	
Total	130.24	158.41	
14. Other current assets			
Unsecured, considered good			
Unbilled revenue	4,006.12	2,219.79	
Total	4,006.12	2,219.79	

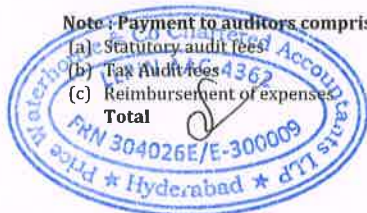


TPL-CIL Construction LLP
Notes forming part of the Statement of Account for the year ended March 31, 2021
All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
15. Revenue from operations		
Income from contracts		
- Civil and erection works	1,821.29	3,455.89
Total	1,821.29	3,455.89
16. Other income		
Interest income		
- Interest from banks on deposits	8.59	-
- Interest Income from Statutory Authorities	27.11	-
Total	35.70	-
17. Contract execution expenses		
Cost of supplies/erection and civil works	480.44	138.79
Engineering fees	899.69	2,563.76
Total	1,380.13	2,702.55
18. Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages (Refer Note (i) below)	268.59	474.63
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note (ii) below)	29.00	43.86
Staff welfare expenses	0.15	1.58
Total	297.74	520.07
Note :		
(i) Employee benefits expense in the books of the entity pertains to employees who have been appointed on the payroll of Tata Projects Limited (Partner) and are working for the entity on deputation basis. The amount above represents the cross charge from Tata Projects Limited based on time charged by employees on project related to the entity.		
(ii) Contribution to provident fund is made at Tata Projects Limited (Partner) (Company) level considering the employees who are working on deputation basis for the entity. The same is then reimbursed from the entity as a cross charge. Tata Projects Limited makes provident fund contributions to Tata Projects Provident fund trust administered by the Company and makes pension fund contribution to government administered pension fund.		
19. Finance costs		
Interest on delayed payment of Income taxes	1.23	21.80
Others	-	5.71
Total	1.23	27.51
20. Depreciation and amortisation expense		
Depreciation on tangible assets	10.94	6.78
Amortisation of intangible assets	1.82	3.97
Total	12.76	10.75
21. Other expenses		
Rent	124.19	138.44
Repairs and maintenance		
- Machinery	3.55	-
- Others	15.22	8.08
Power and fuel	2.66	6.00
Rates and taxes	-	2.18
Motor vehicle expenses	4.04	5.05
Travelling and conveyance	0.82	1.86
Legal and professional	6.30	42.87
Payment to auditors (Refer note below)	3.62	3.09
Communication expenses	0.66	0.66
Printing and stationery	4.31	3.71
Business development expenditure	-	6.70
Freight and handling charges	0.55	-
Miscellaneous expenses	0.45	3.88
Total	166.37	222.52

Note : Payment to auditors comprises of :

(a) Statutory audit fees	3.00	2.75
(b) Tax Audit fees	0.50	0.25
(c) Reimbursement of expenses	0.12	0.09
Total	3.62	3.09



TPL-CIL Construction LLP

Notes forming part of the Statement of Account for the year ended March 31, 2021

1. General Information

TPL-CIL Construction LLP ("LLP" or "entity") is a Limited Liability Partnership between Tata Projects Limited (TPL) and CAPACITE Infraprojects Limited (CIL) incorporated on September 28, 2018 to undertake and implement the project awarded by the Mumbai Housing & Area Development Board (MHADA) to TCC Construction Private Limited which in turn is subcontracted to the LLP. As per the terms of the LLP agreement, the participating interest of each partner is TPL-65% and CIL-35%.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of Statement of Account

The Statement of Account has been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. The Statement of Account has been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards, to the extent applicable, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and the relevant provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the LLP's operating cycle. Based on the nature of service and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the LLP has ascertained its operating cycle as the project duration for the purpose of current - non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the Statement of Account in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles in India requires the Designated Partners to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as of the date of Statement of Assets and Liabilities, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year. The estimates and assumptions used in the Statement of Account are based on Designated Partners evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the Statement of Account. The actual results could differ from these estimates and the difference between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/ materialise.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Tangible Assets

Tangible Assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of the purchase price including import duties and non-refundable taxes, and directly attributable expenses incurred to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of being operated in the manner intended by Designated Partners. Subsequent costs related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment are recognised in the carrying amount of the item if the recognition criteria are met.

An item of Property, Plant and Equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.4 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation has been provided on the straight line method considering the useful life of assets which are as follows ;

- Office equipments - 5 years
- Computers and softwares - 3 years



TPL-CIL Construction LLP

Notes forming part of the Statement of Account for the year ended March 31, 2021

2.5 Impairment of Assets

Assessment is done at each Statement of Assets and Liabilities date as to whether there is any indication that an asset (tangible and intangible) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset/cash generating unit is made. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. The smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets, is considered as a cash generating unit (CGU). An asset or CGU whose carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Assessment is also done at each Statement of Assets and Liabilities date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. An impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognised.

2.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue from execution of contracts is recognised on Percentage of Completion method in accordance with AS-7 - Construction Contracts. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of cost incurred to the total budgeted costs. When the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the stage of completion as at the reporting date.

No profit is recognized till a minimum of 10% progress is achieved on the contract. Revenue is recognised to the extent of recoverable costs incurred with reference to the percentage of completion.

When it is probable at any stage of the contract, that the total cost will exceed the total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised immediately.

2.7 Revenue from other sources :

(i) Other Income - Interest income is accounted on accrual basis. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

2.8 Employee Benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, superannuation fund, gratuity fund and compensated absences and post retirement medical benefits.

Defined contribution plans

Tata Projects Limited (Partner) contributes to superannuation fund including for the employees who are working on deputation for the entity. The contribution made is charged as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made as and when services are rendered by the employees.

Defined benefit plans

For defined retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorized as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement

The entity presents the above components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities represents the actual deficit or surplus in the entity's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Short term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Other long term employee benefits

Other Long term employee benefit comprise of leave encashment which is provided for based on the actuarial valuation carried out as at the end of the year.

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the entity in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.



22. Impact assessment of the global health pandemic- COVID-19 and related estimation uncertainty

The entity has taken into account all the possible impacts of COVID-19 in preparation of this statement of account, including but not limited to its assessment of, liquidity and going concern assumption, recoverable values of its assets, impact on revenue recognition owing to changes in cost budgets of fixed price contracts and impact on leases. The entity has carried out this assessment based on available internal and external sources of information upto the date of approval of this statement of account and believes that the impact of COVID-19 is not material to this statement of account and expects to recover the carrying amount of its assets. However, the impact of COVID-19 on statement of account may differ from that estimated by the management as at the date of approval of this statement of account owing to the nature and duration of COVID-19.

23. Disclosures required to be made under Accounting Standard (AS-7) Construction Contracts

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Contract revenue recognised during the year	1,821.29	3,455.89
Aggregate of contract costs incurred and recognised profits (less recognized losses) upto the reporting date	10,780.68	8,959.39
Advances received for contracts-in-progress	3,865.00	2,274.09
Retention money for contracts-in-progress	-	-
Gross amount due from customers for contract work	-	-

24. Details on derivative instruments and unhedged foreign currency exposures

- (i) There are no outstanding forward exchange contracts as at March 31, 2021 (March 31, 2020: Nil).
(ii) There is no foreign currency exposure as at March 31, 2021 (March 31, 2020: Nil).
(iii) The net foreign exchange loss or gain to the statement of profit and loss is Nil as at March 31, 2021 (March 31, 2020: Nil).

25. Related party transactions

25.1 Details of related parties:

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Partner	Tata Projects Limited
Partner	CAPACIT'E Infraprojects Limited
Entity over which Partners exercise control	TCC Construction Private Limited
Designated Partner	Rahul Shah
Designated Partner	Rahul Katyal (w.e.f March 25, 2020)
Designated Partner	Rohit Katyal (upto March 25, 2020)

25.2 Details of related party transactions

Particulars	Transactions during the year ended		Balances outstanding at the end of the year	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Tata Projects Limited				
Contract execution expenses	349.25	1,080.81	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	133.39	337.99
Capital Contribution	-	25.00	-	-
TCC Construction Private Limited				
Revenue from operations	1,821.29	1,126.60	-	-
Advance received	-	-	3,865.00	2,274.09
CAPACIT'E Infraprojects Limited				
Contract execution expenses	277.71	151.27	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	69.27	163.37
Capital Contribution	-	13.50	35.00	35.00

26. Segment Reporting

The entity operates in only one business segment viz. executing the project awarded by TCC Construction Private Limited. Therefore, segment wise reporting under AS 17 is not applicable.

27. Operating lease arrangements

(i) Amounts recognised as an expense

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Lease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year	124.19	138.44

(ii) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments - The entity does not have any non cancellable operating lease commitments.

28. Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

- (i) There are no outstanding contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2021 (March 31, 2020: Nil).
(ii) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advance) is Nil (March 31, 2020: Nil)

29. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.

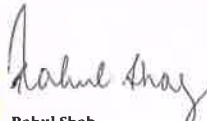
For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP
Firm Registration Number : 304026E/E-300009



Srikanth Pola
Partner
Membership Number : 220916



For and on behalf of TPL-CIL Construction LLP



Rahul Shah
Designated Partner


Rahul Katyal
Designated Partner

Place: Hyderabad
Date: April 28, 2021

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2021

